Product Sheet
MCF 10F (ATCC® CRL-10318™)

Please read this FIRST

Storage Temp.
liquid nitrogen vapor phase

Biosafety Level
1

Intended Use

This product is intended for research use only. It is not intended for any animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use.

Complete Growth Medium

Base medium: Combine 14.8g/L Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium and Ham's F12 base (Sigma, D-9785), 1.2g NaHCO3 (Sigma, S-5761), 0.365g L-glutamine (Sigma, G-3126), 0.059g L-leucine (Sigma, L-8912), 0.0912g L-lysine (Sigma, L-8662), 0.017g L-methionine (Sigma, M-5308), 0.0612g MgCl2.6H2O (Sigma, M-1028), 0.0488g MgSO4.7H2O (Sigma, M-3409), 0.006g CaCl2.2H2O (Sigma, C-8106), and 0.086g Phenol Red (Sigma, P-3532). Fill to 1L with Ultrapure Cell Grade water (ATCC® 30-2205). Stir to dissolve. Adjust pH to 7.1 – 7.3. Filter-sterilize using a 0.22 µm filter.

Complete growth medium: Combine base medium with 20 ng/mL epidermal growth factor (Sigma, E-9644), 100 ng/mL cholera toxin (Sigma, C-8052), 0.01 mg/mL human insulin (Sigma, I-2643), 500 ng/mL hydrocortisone (Sigma, H-0888), and 5% Chelex-treated horse serum.

Cytogenetic Analysis:

DNA Profile:
Amelogenin: X
CSF1PO: 10,12
D13S317: 8,9
D16S539: 11,12
D5S818: 10,13
D7S820: 10,11
THO1: 8,9,3
TPOX: 9,11
vWA: 15,17

Citation of Strain

If use of this culture results in a scientific publication, it should be cited in that manuscript in the following manner: MCF 10F (ATCC® CRL-10318™)

ORGANISM: Homo sapiens, human
Tissue: mammary gland; breast
Disease: fibrocystic disease
Cell Type: Epithelial, Myoepithelial
Age: 36 years
Gender: female
Morphology: epithelial
Growth Properties: adherent

Isoenzymes:
AK-1, 1
ES-D, 1
G6PD, B
GLO-I, 1-2
PGM1, 1-2
PGM3, 1

Growth Properties:
Morphology: epithelial
Gender: female
Age: 36 years

SAFETY PRECAUTION

Unpacking & Storage Instructions

SAFETY PRECAUTION

ATCC highly recommends that protective gloves and clothing always be used and a full face mask always be worn when handling frozen vials. It is important to note that some vials leak when submersed in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vessel exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris.

Unpacking & Storage Instructions

1. Check all containers for leakage or breakage.
2. Remove the frozen cells from the dry ice packaging and immediately place the cells at a temperature below -130°C, preferably in liquid nitrogen vapor, until ready for use.

Handling Procedure for Frozen Cells

To insure the highest level of viability, thaw the vial and initiate the culture as soon as possible upon receipt. If upon arrival, continued storage of the frozen culture is necessary, it should be stored in liquid nitrogen vapor phase and not at -70°C. Storage at -70°C will result in loss of viability.

1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes).
2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions.
3. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL complete culture medium, and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 7 minutes.
4. Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium (see the specific batch information for the culture recommended dilution ratio), and dispense into a 25 cm² or a 75 cm² culture flask. It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during recovery of the cells. It is suggested that, prior to the addition of the vial contents, the culture vessel containing the complete growth medium be placed into the incubator for at least 15 minutes to allow the medium to reach its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).
5. Incubate the culture at 37°C in a suitable incubator. A 5% CO₂ in air atmosphere is recommended if...
Citation of Strain

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Handling Procedure for Flask Cultures

The flask was seeded with cells (see specific batch information) grown and completely filled with medium at ATCC to prevent loss of cells during shipping.

1. Upon receipt visually examine the culture for macroscopic evidence of any microbial contamination. Using an inverted microscope (preferably equipped with phase-contrast optics), carefully check for any evidence of microbial contamination. Also check to determine if the majority of cells are still attached to the bottom of the flask; during shipping the cultures are sometimes handled roughly and many of the cells often detach and become suspended in the culture medium (but are still viable).

2. If the cells are still attached, aseptically remove all but 5 to 10 mL of the shipping medium. The shipping medium can be saved for reuse. Incubate the cells at 37°C in a 5% CO₂ in air atmosphere until they are ready to be subcultured.

3. If the cells are not attached, aseptically remove the entire contents of the flask and centrifuge at 125 x g for 5 to 10 minutes. Remove shipping medium and save. Resuspend the pelleted cells in 10 mL of this medium and add to 25 cm² flask. Incubate at 37°C in a 5% CO₂ in air atmosphere until cells are ready to be subcultured.

Subculturing Procedure

Volumes are given for a 75 cm² flask. Increase or decrease the amount of dissociation medium needed proportionally for culture vessels of other sizes.

1. Remove and discard culture medium.

2. Briefly rinse the cell layer with 0.25% (w/v) Trypsin-0.53 mM EDTA solution to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor.

3. Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes).

   Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.

4. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.

5. To remove trypsin-EDTA solution, transfer cell suspension to centrifuge tube and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 10 minutes. Discard supernatant and resuspend cells in fresh growth medium. Add appropriate aliquots of cell suspension to new culture vessels.

6. Incubate cultures at 37°C.

Subculture Ratio: A subcultivation ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 is recommended

Medium Renewal: Every 2 to 3 days

Cryopreservation Medium

Complete growth medium described above supplemented with 5% (v/v) DMSO. Cell culture tested DMSO is available as ATCC Catalog No. 4-X.

Comments

The MCF 10F cell line is a non-tumorigenic epithelial cell line.

The cells are positive for epithelial sialomucins. Cytokeratins and milk fat globule antigen. They exhibit three dimensional growth in collagen, and form domes in confluent cultures. Thus far, the cells have shown no signs of terminal differentiation or senescence. The line is responsive to insulin, glucocorticoids, cholera enterotoxin, and epidermal growth factor (EGF). By electron microscopy the cells display characteristics of luminal ductal cells but not of myoepithelial cells. They also express breast specific antigens as detected by positive reaction with MFA-Breast and MC-5 monoclonal antibodies.

The calcium content of the medium exerts a strong effect on the morphology of the cells.

References

References and other information relating to this product are available online at www.atcc.org.

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the current publication of the Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories from the U.S.
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Additional information on this culture is available on the ATCC web site at www.atcc.org

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