**Product Sheet**

**Cunninghamella elegans**  
(ATCC® 36112™)

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**Please read this FIRST**

**Storage Temp.**

- Frozen: -80°C or colder
- Freeze-Dried: 2°C to 8°C

**Biosafety Level** 1

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**Intended Use**

This product is intended for research use only. It is not intended for any animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use.

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**Citation of Strain**

If use of this culture results in a scientific publication, it should be cited in that manuscript in the following manner: *Cunninghamella elegans*  
(ATCC® 36112™)

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**Notes**

No special notes.

Additional, updated information on this product may be available on the ATCC® web site at www.atcc.org.

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**DNA Sequence**

18S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence; internal transcribed spacer 1, 5.8S ribosomal RNA gene, and internal transcribed spacer 2, complete sequence; and 28S ribosomal RNA gene, partial sequence

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**Recommended Procedure**

**Frozen ampoules** packed in dry ice should either be thawed immediately or stored in liquid nitrogen. If liquid nitrogen storage facilities are not available, frozen ampoules may be stored at or below -70°C for approximately one week. Do not under any circumstance store frozen ampoules at refrigerator freezer temperatures (generally -20°C). Storage of frozen material at this temperature will result in the death of the culture.

1. To thaw a frozen ampoule, place in a 25°C to 30°C water bath, until just thawed (approximately 5 minutes). Immerse the ampoule just sufficient to cover the frozen material. Do not agitate the ampoule.
2. Immediately after thawing, wipe down ampoule with 70% ethanol and aseptically transfer at least 50 µL (or 2-3 agar cubes) of the content onto a plate or broth with medium recommended.
3. Incubate the inoculum/strain at the temperature and conditions recommended.
4. Inspect for growth of the inoculum/strain regularly. The sign of viability is noticeable typically after 5-7 days of incubation. However, the time necessary for significant growth will vary from strain to strain.

**Colony and Cell Morphology:** After 10 days colonies spreading rapidly, at first white, later with dark spots of conidia, becoming gray, conidiophores erect, with verticillate or solitary branches; vesicles subglobose to pyriform, verrucose or smooth, conidia globose, 7-11 µm, or ovoid to ellipsoidal, 6-10 x 9-13 µm, smooth, verruculose, or shortly echinulate, hyaline, or with granular contents, brownish in mass.

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**Description**

**Strain Designation:** PA-1  
**Deposited Name:** Cunninghamella elegans Lendner  
**Product Description:** An ampoule containing viable cells (may include spores and mycelia) suspended in cryoprotectant.

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**Propagation**

The information recommended in this section is to assist users in obtaining living culture(s) for their studies. The recommendation does not imply that the conditions or procedures provided below are optimum. Experienced researchers may initiate the growth of a culture in their own way.

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**Notes**

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Estuarine mud

References and other information relating to this product are available online at www.atcc.org.

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the current publication of the Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and National Institutes for Health.

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Additional information on this culture is available on the ATCC web site at www.atcc.org.

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