Product Sheet

Mycoplasma dispar Gourlay and Leach

27140[™]

Description

Type strain **Strain designation:** [NCTC 10125; 462/2] **Deposited As:** *Mycoplasma dispar* Gourlay and Leach **Type strain:** Yes

Storage Conditions

Product format: Freeze-dried **Storage conditions:** 2°C to 8°C

Intended Use

This product is intended for laboratory research use only. It is not intended for any animal or human therapeutic use, any human or animal consumption, or any diagnostic use.

BSL 2

ATCC determines the biosafety level of a material based on our risk assessment as guided by the current edition of *Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL)*, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. It is your responsibility to understand the hazards associated with the material per your organization's policies and procedures as well as any other applicable regulations as enforced by your local or national agencies.



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ATCC highly recommends that appropriate personal protective equipment is always used when handling vials. For cultures that require storage in liquid nitrogen, it is important to note that some vials may leak when submersed in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vial exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris. Unless necessary, ATCC recommends that these cultures be stored in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen rather than submersed in liquid nitrogen.

Certificate of Analysis

For batch-specific test results, refer to the applicable certificate of analysis that can be found at www.atcc.org.

Growth Conditions

Medium: ATCC Medium 1699: Revised Mycoplasma medium Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Broth: Aerobic; Plates: 5% CO₂

Handling Procedures

1. Follow instructions as suggested for the culturing of *Mollicutes*: PROCEDURES FOR PROPAGATING *MOLLICUTES*:

- a. Open the vial according to the enclosed instructions.
- b. Using a Pasteur or 1.0 mL pipette, withdraw approximately 0.5 to 1.0 mL from a tube containing 2.5 mL. Rehydrate the pellet.
- c. Aseptically transfer this aliquot back into the tube. Mix well.

- d. Make serial dilutions by transferring 0.25 mL from the original tube to a tube containing 2.25 mL. Repeat process by transferring 0.25 mL from the second to a third tube, etc. Dilutions are important, not only for titration purposes, but also to keep culture in varying stages of growth. Many strains will die out rapidly once acid or alkaline conditions are reached. It is recommended to prepare several dilutions from the initial tube as the cryoprotectant used in the freeze-drying process often inhibits growth.
- e. Use an uninoculated tube of broth to serve as a control.
- f. Plates may be inoculated to check colony morphology. You can also spot each dilution on the surface of plate (4 or more/plate) to determine the number of colony-forming units. However, not all strains do well on solid medium.
- g. Incubate all tubes and plates under the recommended conditions and appropriate temperature. The time necessary for growth will vary from strain to strain. Growth on plates generally requires additional incubation.
- h. Depending on the medium used, growth is indicated by increased turbidity, a color change, or both.
- i. Tubes are incubated aerobically, plates are incubated under 5% CO_2 or in a *candle jar*. The incubation temperature is 37°C.
- 2. Mycoplasma dispar strains are very slow growing and produce a flocculent turbidity. It may be necessary to hold tubes up to a light source to detect growth. Initial growth may take up to a week to be detected in first tubes. An indicator change from red to orange to yellow is very slow. The best indicator of growth will be the flocs in the broth medium. The cells are best transferred when the medium is orange. After medium changes to yellow, cells have started to die. Subsequent transfers usually grow in 48+ hours, but may take longer depending on size of inoculum.
- 3. After broth growth is established, freshly inoculated plates will take three or more days to produce colonies. Growth on plates takes three or more days.
- 4. For long term storage of *Mycoplasma dispar*, freeze-drying or freezing is recommended. Liquid nitrogen storage is the best method.

Notes

Growth is indicated by good turbidity and a color change in the medium from red to yellow.

This item will not be able to grow on maintenance media agar plates. Additional information on this culture is available on the ATCC[®] web site at www.atcc.org.

Material Citation

If use of this material results in a scientific publication, please cite the material in the following manner: *Mycoplasma dispar* Gourlay and Leach (ATCC 27140)

References

References and other information relating to this material are available at www.atcc.org.

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Revision

This information on this document was last updated on 2025-02-24

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